

Issue # 241

Saturday, December 19, 2020

COVID-19 Report

## Highlights

- Newly-detected cases continued to increase week-overweek, both in the U.S. and worldwide
  - For the third consecutive week, California and Texas drove a significant portion of the growth in the U.S.
  - California alone accounted for 18.2% of all new cases in the U.S. last week (with 12% of the population)
  - California's infection rate per capita has more than doubled in December
  - Without California, new cases declined week-overweek in the U.S. last week
- Hospital occupancy by Covid-19 patients also continued to grow
  - Covid-19 patients occupied 36% of all inpatient beds in the U.S. last week, nearly twice the rate during its prior peak in July
    - In California, this rate has increased from 37% to 64% since the beginning of December
    - Without California, this occupancy rate for the U.S. is up modestly during the month
  - There were more than 150k Covid-19 patient days spent in the ICU last week
    - This has now increased for twelve consecutive weeks
    - Yet, the % of hospitalized Covid-19 patients that are in the ICU is at its lowest point during the pandemic
  - There were more than 53k Covid-19 patient days spent on ventilators last week
    - This has now increased for eleven consecutive weeks
    - The % of hospitalized Covid-19 patient days spent on ventilators has now increased on five consecutive weeks

- Tragically, the number of deaths with coronavirus is increasing sharply each week
  - There were more than 53,000 deaths reported with the coronavirus in the U.S. last week
  - This was the ninth consecutive week-over-week increase in this count
- Testing retreated somewhat last week
  - Test volume declined week-over-week, the first decline since early-September
    - Nevertheless, last week's volume represented the second highest recorded during the pandemic
  - The test-positive rate for the fourth consecutive week; the current rate is higher than at any time since April
- Despite the significant number of new cases and tests, much of the virus spread continues to be undetected
  - Using estimates for Young Gu's covid19 projection model, more than 3/4 of infections in the U.S. have gone undetected to-date
  - These estimates suggest that more than 18% of the U.S. population may already have been infected, as of December 4
- Closing on some encouraging news, the 2020-21 flu season continues to be milder than each of the previous five seasons
  - Now into the twelfth week of the season, we are at a point in which flu visits typically begin to accelerate
  - For the most-recently-reported week, flu visits are running at least 16% lower than the comparable week in each of the past five seasons and, 60% lower than last season
  - Flu visits are typically a significant driver of hospital use; a mild flu season would help alleviate the pressure placed by Covid-19 patients



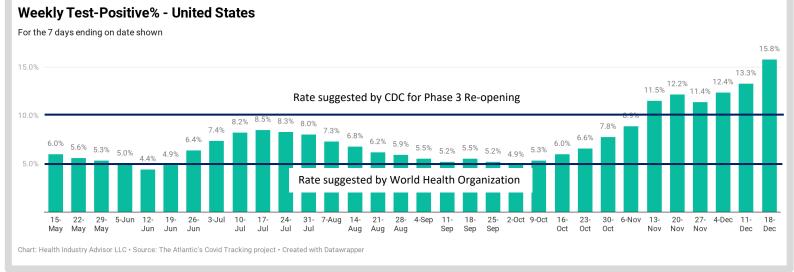
10.4 million tests were conducted in the U.S. in the past seven days

Testing declined week-overweek, the first week-over week decline since September 11 – still, it represented the 2<sup>nd</sup> highest weekly testing volume during the pandemic

Test-positive rate increased again last week – after declining during Thanksgiving week

The test-positive rate is as high as it has been since April

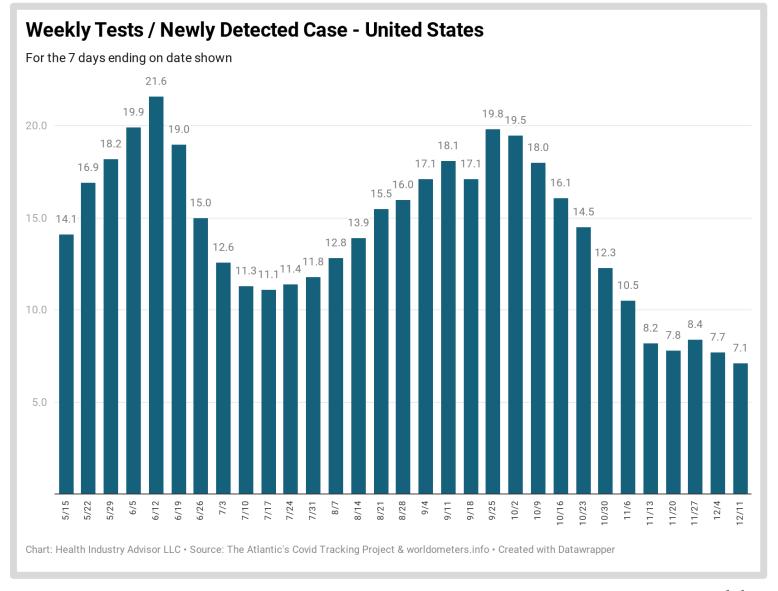






The ratio of tests performed to new cases detected declined last week - the eleventh time in the last twelve weeks

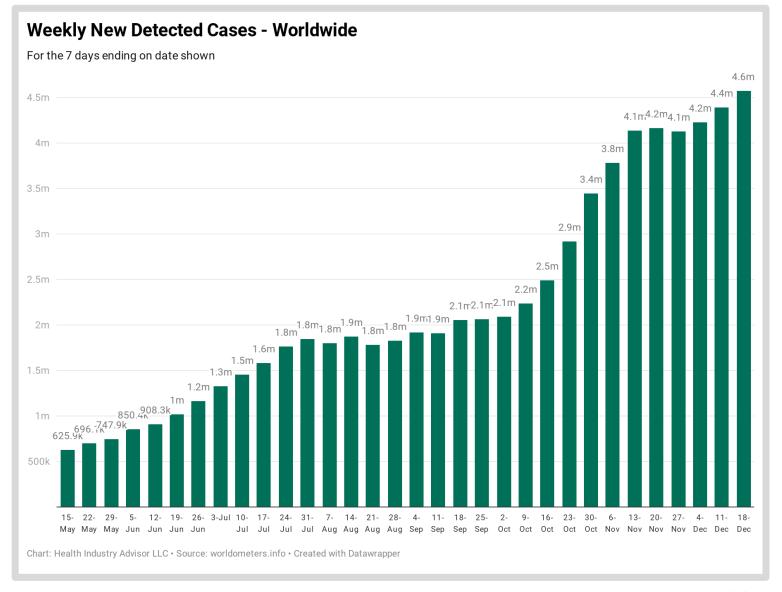
The higher this ratio, the more adequate testing is at identifying spread; a low measure suggests that testing isn't keeping pace





There were 4.6 million newly detected cases worldwide last week

New cases were up each of the past two weeks, following four weeks of relative stability

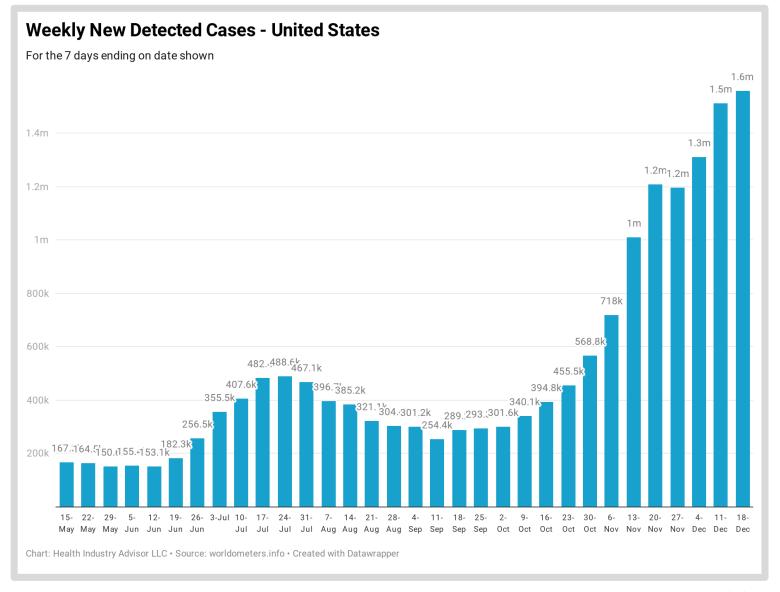




# Thanksgiving reporting-interruption impact?

Newly detected cases increased again last week — the thirteenth time in the past fourteen weeks — Thanksgiving week being the only exception

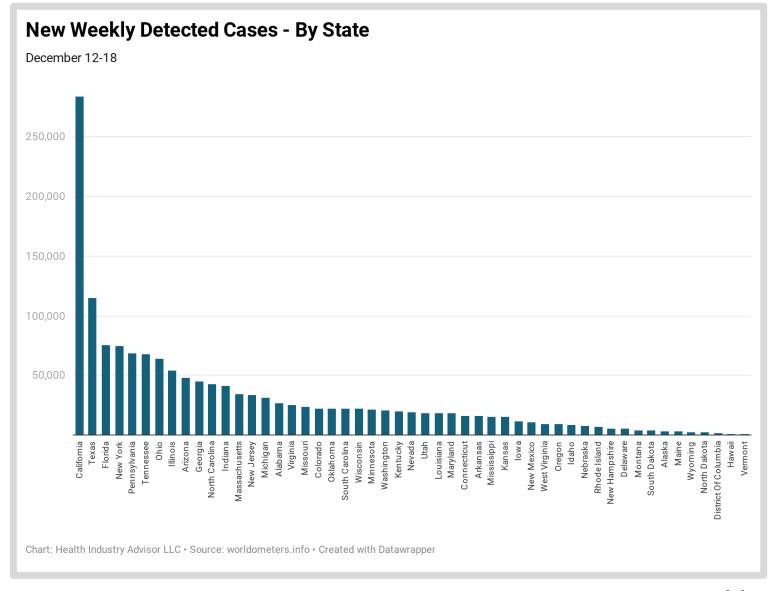
1.6M new cases were detected in the past seven days





For the third consecutive week, California and Texas recorded the highest number of newly detected cases

California alone accounted for ~284k of the 1.6M new cases in the U.S. over the past seven days

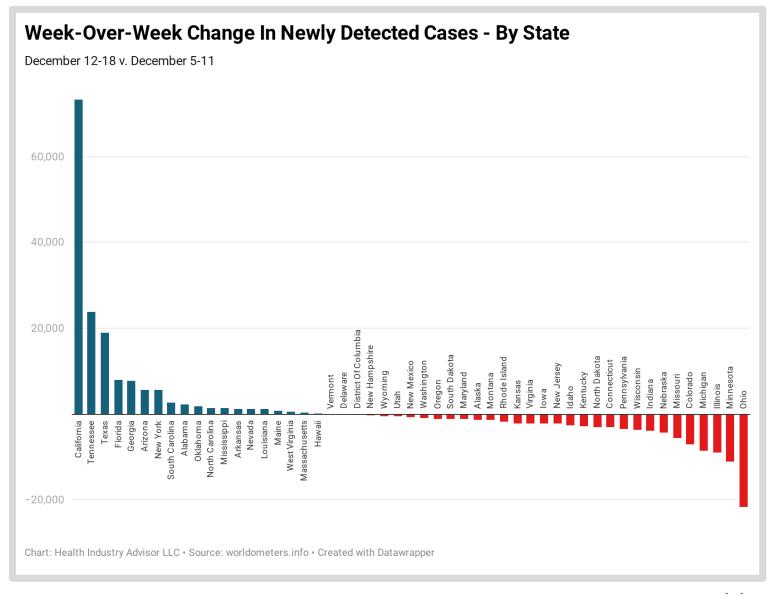




For the third consecutive week, California experienced the largest increase in new cases relative to the prior week

California reported 73k more new cases in the past seven days than one week earlier

Excluding California, there were 23k <u>fewer</u> new cases in the U.S. than the prior week





The December surge in cases and hospitalizations in California is driving the U.S. overall numbers California's infection rate per capita has more than doubled in December; without California, the infection rate in the U.S. declined last week

California's Covid-19 hospital occupancy is up 73% in December; without California, the U.S. rate is up marginally

#### **New Daily Infections / Million**

For the week ending on date shown

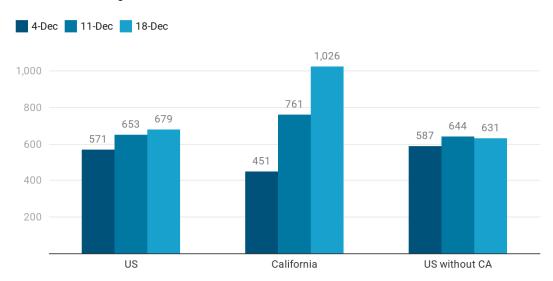


Chart: Health Industry advisor LLC • Source: worldometers.info • Created with Datawrapper

#### **Covid-19 Patients as % of Inpatient Beds**

For the date shown

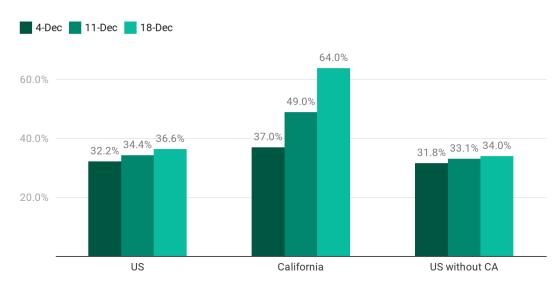


Chart: Health Industry advisor LLC • Source: The Atlantics Covid Tracking Project • Created with Datawrapper

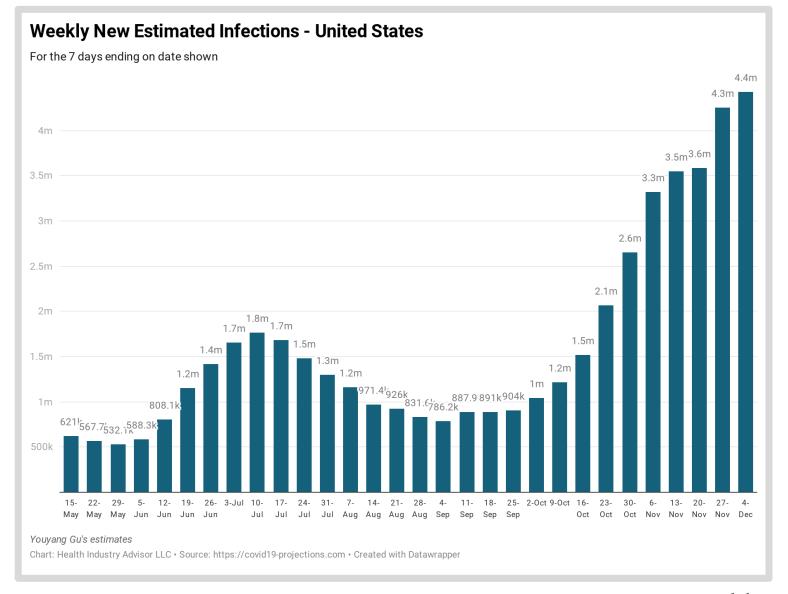


Gu\* estimates there were 4.4M new infections during the Thanksgiving week

Estimated infections have increased thirteen consecutive weeks

Gu estimates that 18.3% of the U.S. population had been infected as of December 4 (range of 12.2-27.4%)

Based on Youyang Gu's Covid Projection Mode Last update: December 11

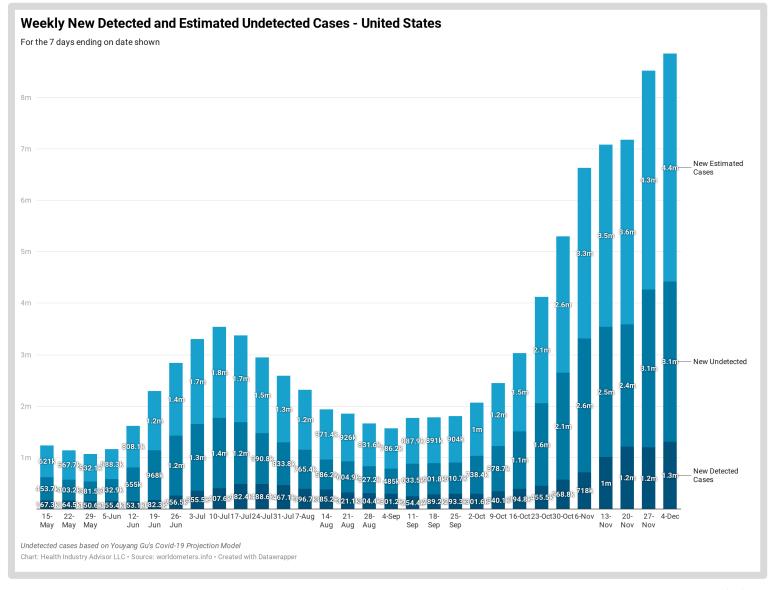




Undetected cases are significantly greater than cases detected via testing\*

Gu estimates 3.1M new undetected cases each of the past two weeks

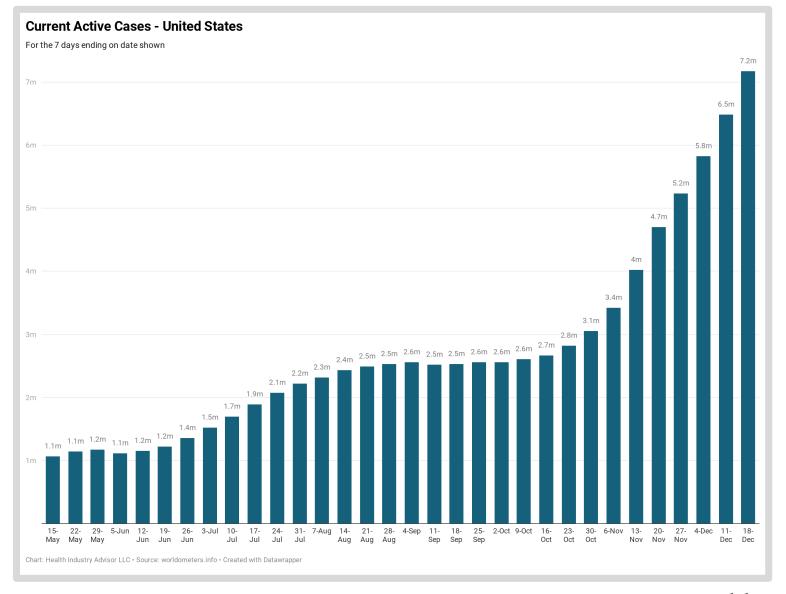
\* Note: this graphic uses Youyang Gu's estimates of true infections





There are an estimated 7.2 million people in the U.S. currently recovering from detected Covid-19 infections

The estimated number of active, detected cases in the U.S. has been increasing since the end of September

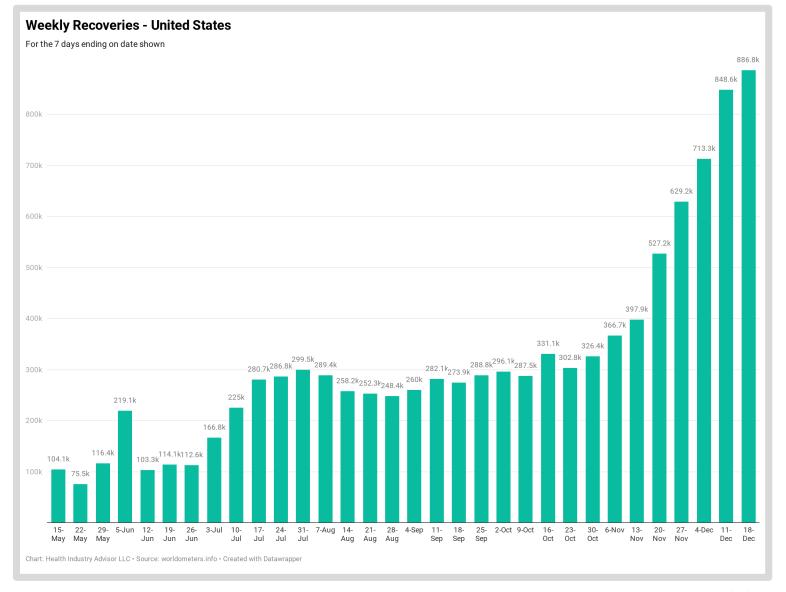




There were nearly 890k people that recovered from a detected SARS-CoV-2 infection in the U.S. last week

Recoveries from detected infections in the U.S. increased each of the past eight weeks

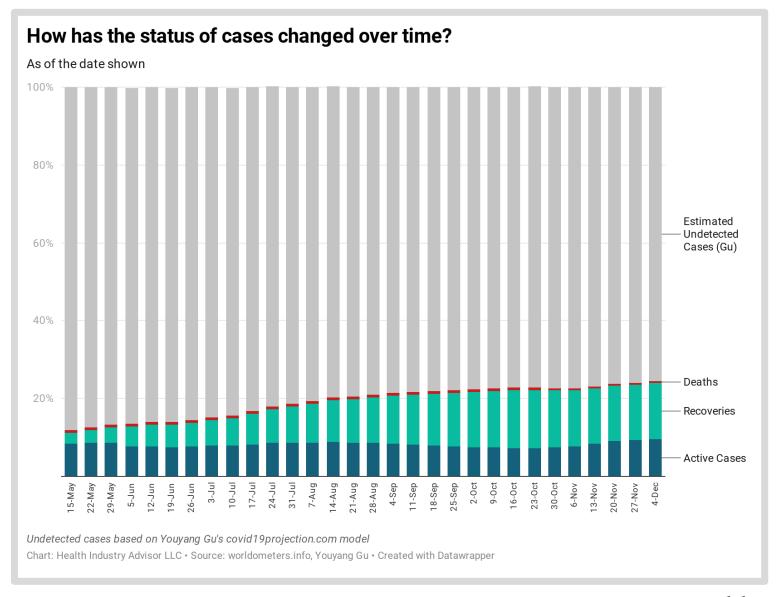
10.4M people in the U.S. have now recovered from a detected SARS-CoV-2 infection





Despite all the attention . . . An invisible virus?

Using Gu's estimates, more than 3-in-4 persons infected with the SCARS-CoV-2 virus have gone undetected

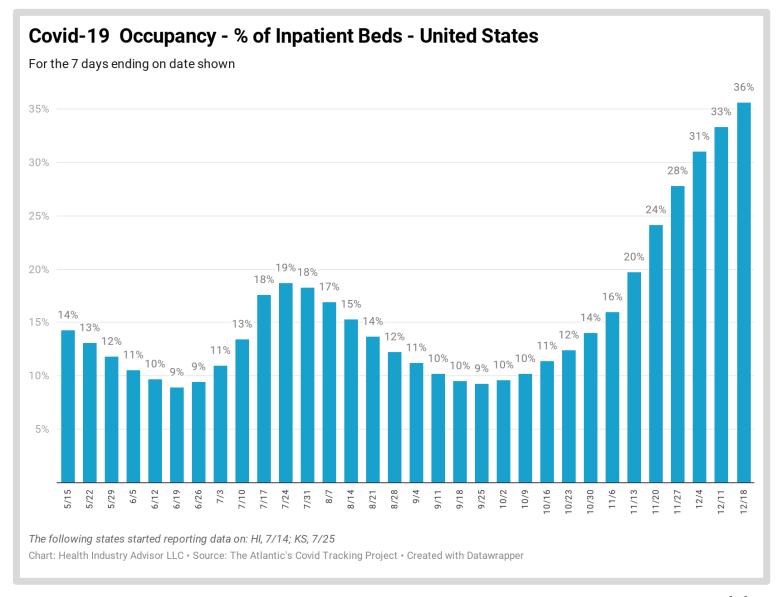




In the United States, Covid-19 patients occupied ~36% of available inpatient beds last week

This occupancy rate has increased each week since the end of September

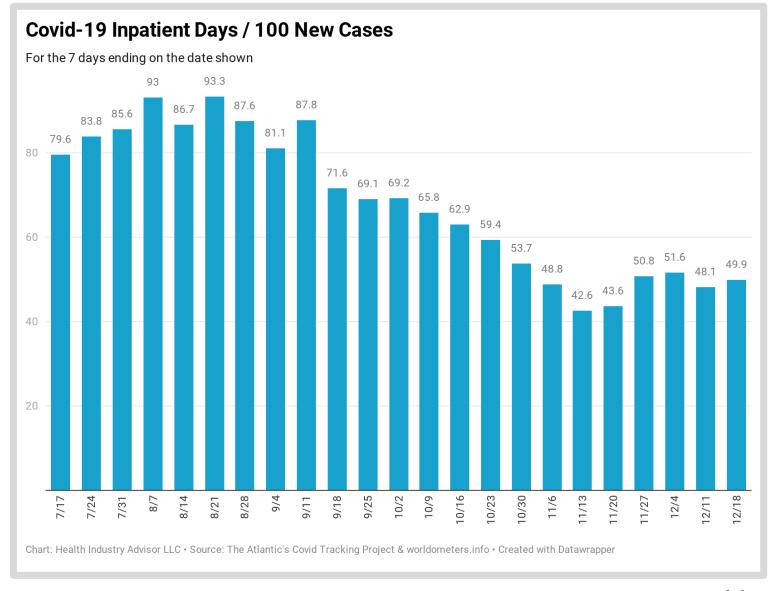
This rate has more than doubled in the past six weeks





Covid-19 inpatient days per 100 new cases increased last week

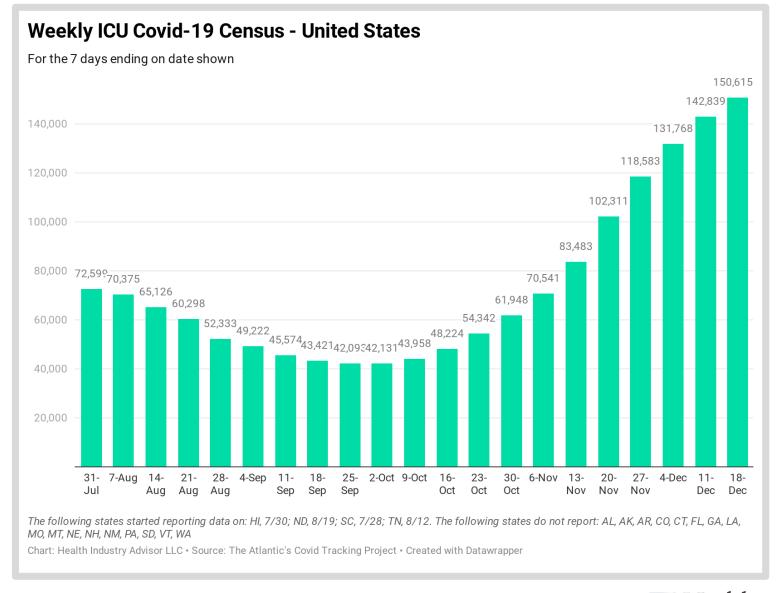
Nevertheless, this rate was lower last week than remains lower than it has been for except four weeks during the pandemic





Covid-19 patients collectively spent nearly 150,000 days in the ICU last week

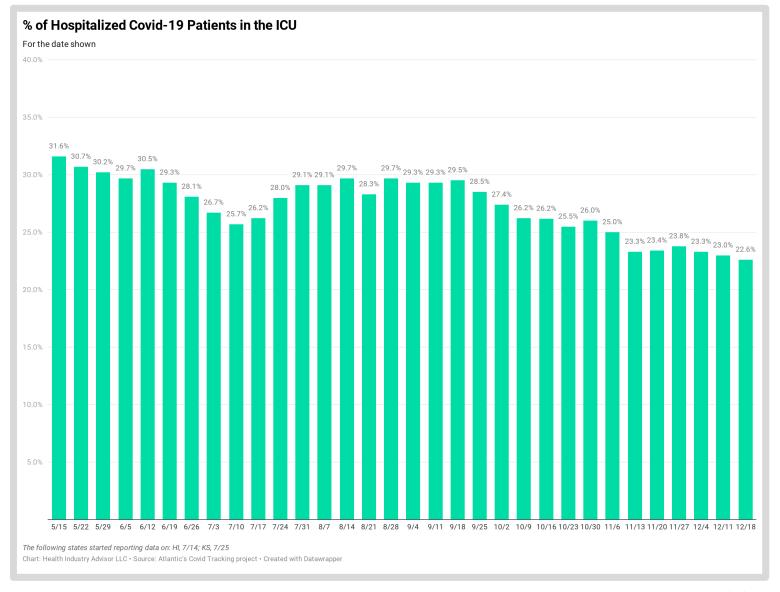
Covid-19 ICU census has now increased twelve consecutive weeks — it has increased by nearly 50% in the past month alone





The % of Covid-19 inpatients were in the ICU declined for the third consecutive week

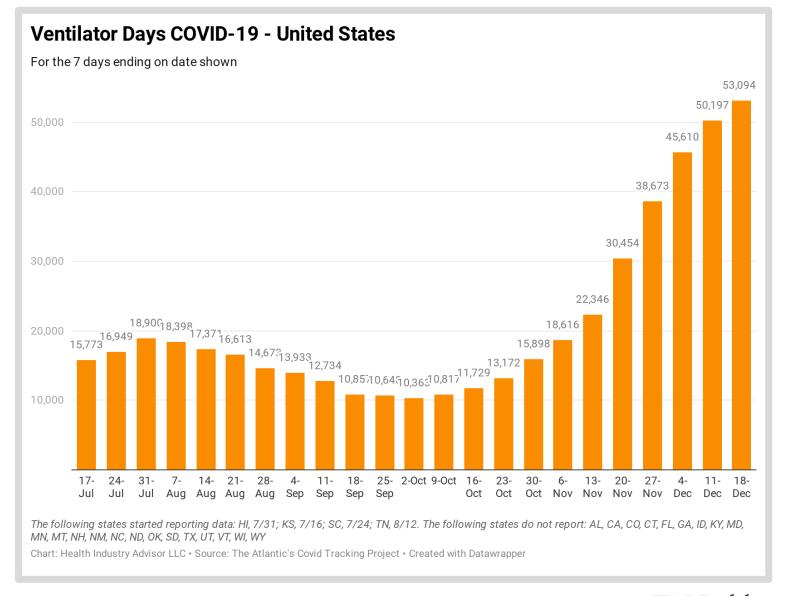
It is now lower tan at any other time during the pandemic





Covid-19 patients on ventilators increased again last week, totaling more than 53,000 days on ventilators last week

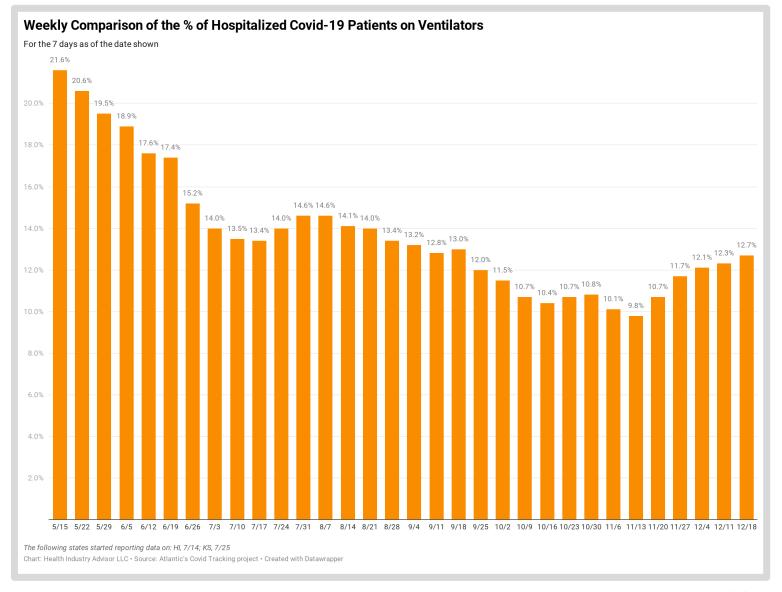
This census of COVID-19 patients on ventilators has now increased eleven consecutive weeks – more than doubling in the last five weeks alone





The likelihood of a hospitalized Covid-19 patient would be on a ventilator increased five consecutive weeks

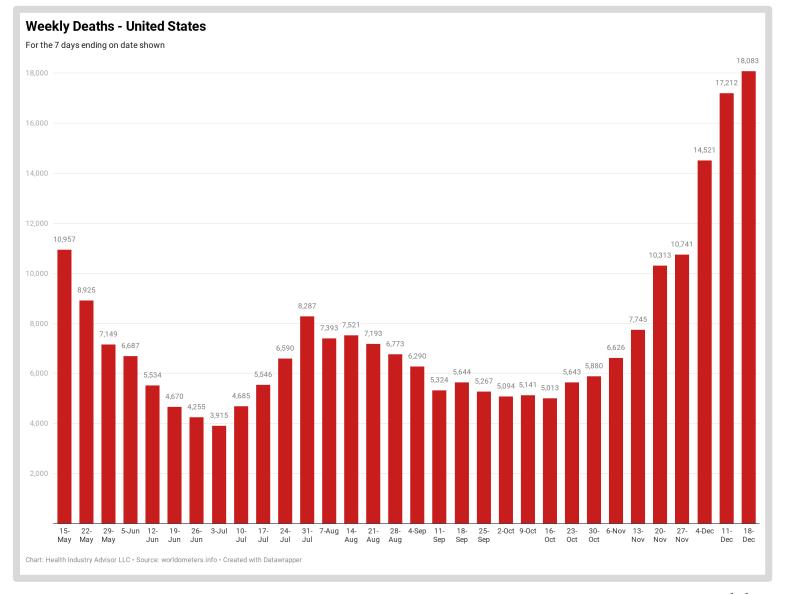
Nearly 13% of Covid-19 inpatients were on a ventilator last week





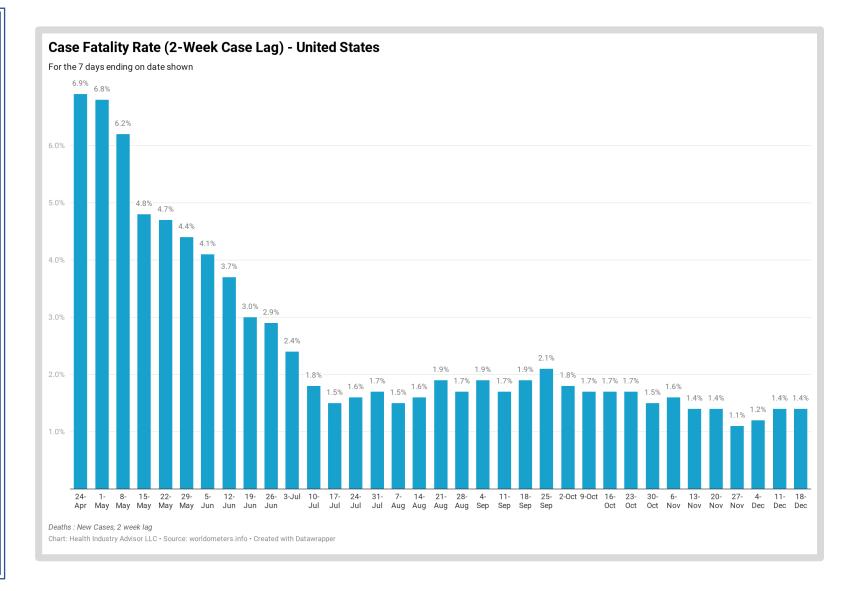
Tragically, more than 18,000 people died with the coronavirus in the U.S. last week

This represented the ninth consecutive week of increasing deaths





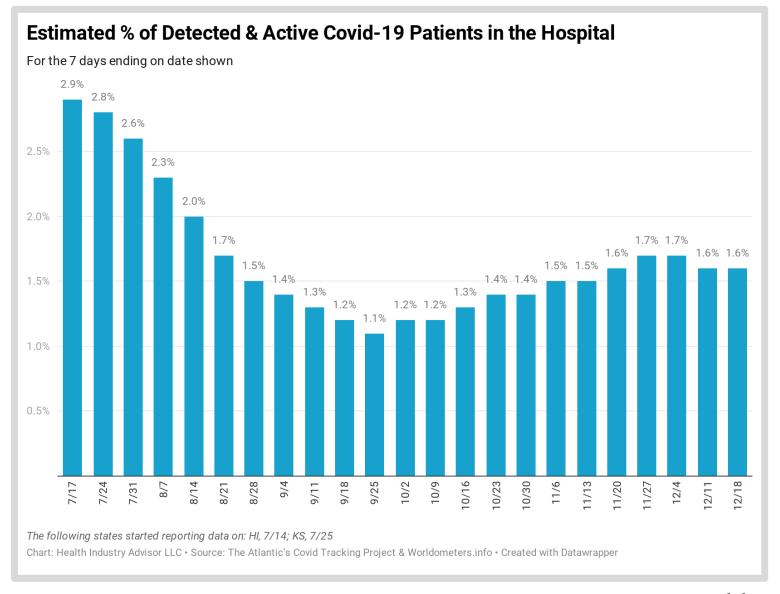
The case fatality rate has been stable for the past two months





Only about 1.6% of activelyinfected persons are in the hospital – holding steady with recent week's experience

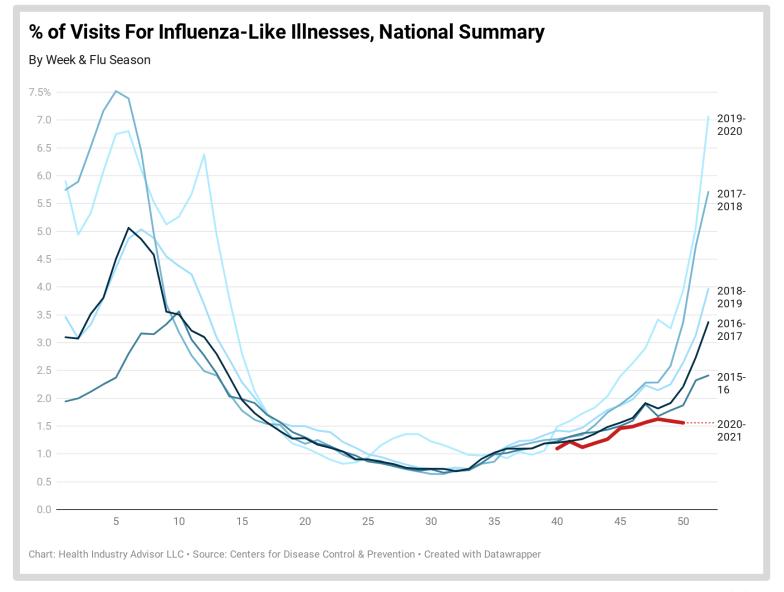
Despite the recent increase in Covid-19 inpatients, the likelihood of a detected & actively-infected person being in the hospital is significantly lower than what it was in mid-July





Eleven weeks into the 2020-21 flu season, flu visits are trending lower than each of the past five years

Note that we have entered the period when flu visits accelerated in prior years – something that has not yet occurred this season





### **Data Sources**

The following data sources are accessed on a daily or weekly basis:

- The Atlantic's Covid Tracking Project: <a href="https://covidtracking.com">https://covidtracking.com</a>
- Worldometers.info: https://www.worldometers.info/coronavirus/
- Centers for Disease Control, National, Regional, and State Level Outpatient Illness and Viral Surveillance https://gis.cdc.gov/grasp/fluview/fluportaldashboard.html
- Centers for Disease Control, COVID-19 Laboratory-Confirmed Hospitalizations https://gis.cdc.gov/grasp/COVIDNet/COVID19 5.html
- Centers for Disease Control, COVID Data Tracker <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/covid-data-tracker/index.html#mobility">https://www.cdc.gov/covid-data-tracker/index.html#mobility</a>
- Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation, COVID-19 estimate downloads http://www.healthdata.org/covid/data-downloads
- New York Times, Covid-19 data <a href="https://github.com/nytimes/covid-19-data">https://github.com/nytimes/covid-19-data</a>
- COVID-19 Data Repository by the Center for Systems Science and Engineering (CSSE) at Johns Hopkins University <a href="https://github.com/CSSEGISandData/COVID-19">https://github.com/CSSEGISandData/COVID-19</a>
- COVID-19 Projections Using Machine Learning, <a href="https://covid19-projections.com">https://covid19-projections.com</a>
- Oliver Wyman Pandemic Navigator, <u>https://pandemicnavigator.oliverwyman.com/forecast?mode=country&region=United</u> <u>ed%20States&panel=mortality</u>

