

Issue # 169

Thursday, September 24, 2020

COVID-19 Report

# Highlights

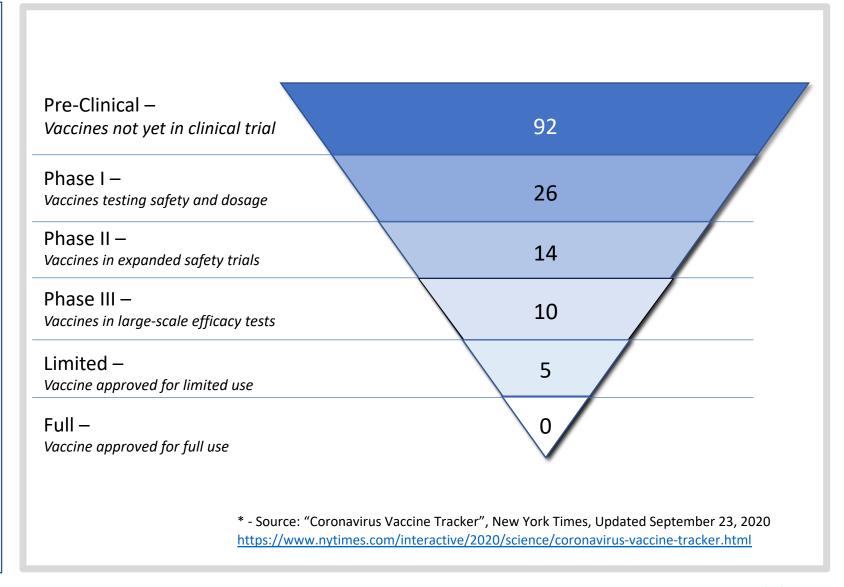
- Clinical trials of vaccines
  - With Johnson & Johnson's announcement of the launch of a Phase III clinical trial of its vaccine, this now become the largest Phase III clinical trial in the United States
  - There are now four clinical trials in the United States (AstraZeneca, JNJ, Moderna and Pfizer, although the AstraZeneca trial remains paused here) and ten worldwide
  - JNJ set its efficacy target (i.e., targeted infection risk reduction via the vaccine) at 60%, consistent with Modern and Pfizer; AstraZeneca's is set at 50%
  - JNJ has established 154 events or, infections at the completion point of its trial; AstraZeneca's is set at 150; Moderna at 151; and Pfizer at 164
    - Thus, after 154 infections among study participants, a determination is made of JNJ's vaccine efficacy
  - The goal is that participants receiving the vaccine will have a 60% lower infection rate than those receiving the placebo
  - Under FDA guidelines, a vaccine is considered effective so long as its efficacy is at least 30%
  - In this event, the vaccine could be approved for general use in the United States
  - JNJ has not yet disclosed the number of interim analyses it plans;
     AstraZeneca plans 1; Moderna, 2; and Pfizer 3
  - The initial interim analysis for Pfizer occurs after 32 infections; for AstraZeneca, it occurs after 75 infections; and for Moderna, after 53 infections
  - Thus, under the FDA's proposed evaluation guidelines, Pfizer's trial could be considered successful if, after 32 infections among participants, the infection rate for those receiving the vaccine is 50% lower than for those receiving a placebo
  - In this event, the company could then apply for Emergency Use Authorization (EUA) for its vaccine
- State-By-State Scorecard
  - In today's report, we update our chart depicting infection, testing and fatality rates for each state and the District of Columbia

- A new measure in this analysis is the ratio of tests to new cases for the previous 7-day period. The higher this ratio, the more effective the state's testing program. Vermont scores best on this measure, with 250 tests for every new case it detected. Maine is next at 191. By comparison, North Dakota detected a new case for every 4 tests it performed
- Several states reported high test-positive and new infection rates for the last 7-days, including: Alabama, Idaho, Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota and Wisconsin
- States reporting low test-positive and new infection rates include Connecticut, Hawaii, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, Ohio, Vermont and Washington
- New cases and infection rates in the United States
  - We seem to be treading water in the U.S. with respect to new infections - they don't seem to spiking or declining; the new infection rate has remained relatively stable now for the past six days
  - New cases yesterday were generally in-line with new cases on 3 of the past 4 Wednesdays (the Wednesday following Labor Day being an exception, with relatively low cases). New cases were significantly higher on Wednesdays in July through mid-August
- Hospital resource use due to COVID-19
  - After seeing significant declines from mid-July peaks, inpatient and ICU census of COVID-19 patients have been relatively flat over the past week, with slight increases on each of the past three days. These remain, however, at 50-60% of their peak levels
  - Ventilator use continued to decline as a % of inpatient COVID-19 census; In March, 35% of patients were on ventilators; as of yesterday, this rate is just above 12%
  - ER visits for COVID-19 like illnesses, pneumonia and shortness -ofbreath have each steadily declined as a % of all ER visits. For COVID-19 like illnesses, this rate has dropped by nearly 1/2 since late July
- · Deaths with the coronavirus
- The 7-day average in reported deaths fell yesterday for the ninth consecutive day



As of yesterday, there were at least 147 potential vaccines in the pipeline:

- 92 under active investigation in animals
- 40 in safety trials
- 10 in large-scale efficacy tests
- 5 approved for limited use (none in the U.S.)





There are now four Phase III clinical trials of a COVID-19 vaccine underway in the United States. JNJ is now the largest

Pfizer, JNJ and Moderna are targeting a 60% "efficacy" (i.e., reduction in infection risk);
Astra-Zeneca is targeting 50% (WHO standard: 50%)

All four have established a threshold of a 30% risk reduction (95% confidence interval; consistent with FDA guidance)

Interim checkpoints are used to judge whether sufficient evidence ("events", infections) is available to end a trial early.
Astra-Zeneca has established a single interim checkpoint;
Moderna, 2; and Pfzier, 4

### **COVID-19 Phase III Clinical Trial Protocols - United States**

	Pfizer	Moderna	AstraZeneca	JNJ
Sample Size	44,000	30,000	30,000	60,000
Participants getting vaccine	15,000	15,000	20,000	30,000
Type of vaccine	mRNA	mRNA	Adeno v	Adeno v
Efficacy target	60%	60%	50%	60%
Lower 95% CI efficacy	30%	30%	30%	30%
Number of events at completion	164	151	150	154
Number of interim analyses	4	2	1	N/A
Number of events 1st look	32	53	75	20
Number of shots	2	2	2	1
Deep freezing required	Yes	Yes	Yes	No

Interpretation: Pfizer's "first look", can occur after 32 infections among its participants. Using the FDA's proposed evaluation criteria, the trial may be considered successful, if there is at least a 50% lower infection rate among participants receiving the vaccine versus those receiving the placebo. At that point, the company could apply for Emergency Use Authorization (EUA)

Pfizer's trial would be complete after 164 infections among its participants. The trial may be considered successful, if there is at least a 30% lower infection rate among participants receiving the vaccine versus those receiving the placebo. At that point, the company could apply for full approval



State-By-State Comparisons (page 1 of 3):

Alabama, Idaho, Iowa and Kansas show high rates of new infections and testpositive %'s

Connecticut, D.C. and Hawaii report low new infection and test-positive rates

Connecticut and D.C. are most efficient in their testing (highest ratio of tests per new case identified)

#### **State-By-State Comparisons** As of September 23 New Daily Cases Per Tests per 1M Test-Positive % (7-1M Population (7-Day Cases per 1M Deaths per 1 **Population Past 7 Day Moving** Tests / New State **Population Million Population** days Average) M.A.) Case Alabama 29,896 1,306 62 4,811 2.3% 109 44 Alaska 9,500 15 Arizona 29,517 759 1,598 6.6% 11 25,509 407 9.1% Arkansas 35 2.8% California 20,085 12 11,470 353 1,225 Colorado 1.2% 46 83 15,752 Connecticut 17 Delaware 20,293 62 21,284 880 1.2% 82 District Of Columbia Florida 32,029 1,144 128 14 29,030 2,006 143 Georgia 28 86 2,125 Hawaii 8,138 253 1,097 18.4% Idaho 28 Illinois 22.054 690 11 Indiana 1,293 9.1% 15.9% lowa 15.5% 18,873 213 1,376 Kansas



State-By-State Comparisons (page 2 of 3):

Missouri and Nebraska show high rates of new infections and test-positive %'s

Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico and New York report low new infection and test-positive rates

Maine and New York are most efficient in their testing (highest ratio of tests per new case identified)

#### **State-By-State Comparisons** As of September 23 **Test-Positive % (7-New Daily Cases Per** Tests per 1M 1M Population (7-Day Cases per 1M Deaths per 1 **Population Past 7 Day Moving** Tests / New State **Population Million Population** Average) Case days M.A.) 14,041 252 2.4% Kentucky 3.8% 27 Louisiana 34,894 24 3,828 104 4,660 0.5% 191 Maine 4.9% 20 Maryland 20,000 645 1,634 81 2.1% Massachusetts 18,414 1,345 2.7% 37 2,956 Michigan 13.053 8.8% 361 1,813 Minnesota 4.0% 25 Mississippi 31,591 964 4,031 Missouri 19,388 339 10,011 154 3,309 6.0% 198 17 Montana 239 1,635 Nebraska 21,601 12.7% 505 Nevada 24,771 11.4% 2.1% 24 47 1,130 New Hampshire 5,876 1.7% 22,986 52 58 New Jersey 2.1% 2,748 64 New Mexico 13,253 409 0.9% New York 24,942 4,445 19 316 North Carolina 18.645 5.3%



State-By-State Comparisons (page 3 of 3):

North Dakota, South Dakota and Wisconsin show high rates of new infections and test-positive %'s

Vermont, Ohio and Washington report low new infection and test-positive rates

Vermont is the most efficient in its testing (highest ratio of tests per new case identified)

### **State-By-State Comparisons**

As of September 23

State ▲	Cases per 1M Population	Deaths per 1 Million Population	Tests per 1M Population Past 7 days	Test-Positive % (7- Day Moving Average)	New Daily Cases Per 1M Population (7-Day M.A.)	Tests / New Case
North Dakota	24,287	266	1,836	27.0%	496	4
Ohio	12,489	402	2,954	2.6%	77	39
Oklahoma	19,983	245	3,131	9.1%	284	11
Oregon	7,424	127	842	6.7%	56	15
Pennsylvania	12,226	636	980	6.3%	61	16
Rhode Island	22,697	1,040	1,858	5.9%	110	17
South Carolina	27,344	634	3,043	6.9%	210	14
South Dakota	21,691	228	1,692	22.4%	378	4
Tennessee	27,095	333	3,556	5.7%	201	18
Texas	25,920	534	2,173	10.2%	230	9
Utah	20,288	138	2,055	13.4%	275	7
Vermont	2,758	93	1,190	0.4%	5	260
Virginia	16,638	362	2,064	5.1%	104	20
Washington	11,299	273	1,204	3.7%	63	19
West Virginia	8,049	178	2,534	4.1%	105	24
Wisconsin	17,891	216	1,930	17.5%	324	6
Wyoming	8,667	86	1,240	12.0%	149	8

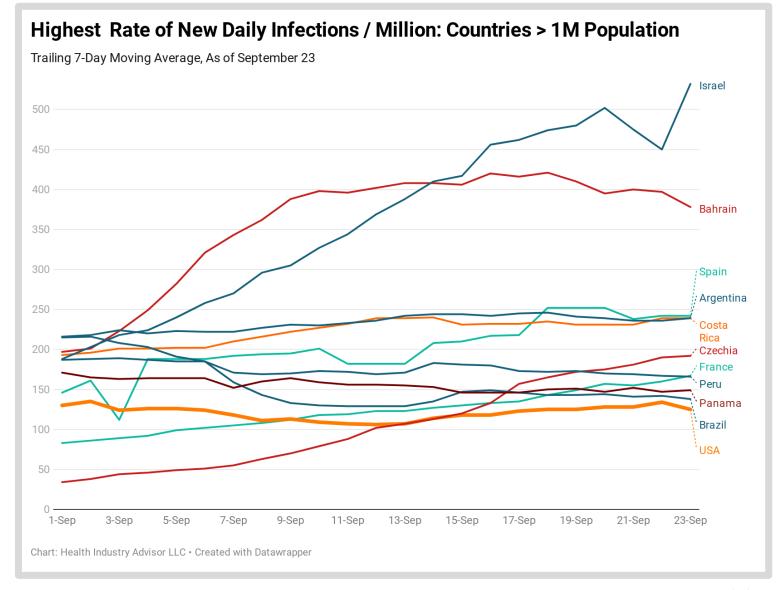


During the month of September, Israel has experienced a sharp increase in its infection rate (nearly 3x)

Bahrain saw its rate increase sharply but start to decline

Czechia has seen its rate increase by >5.6x

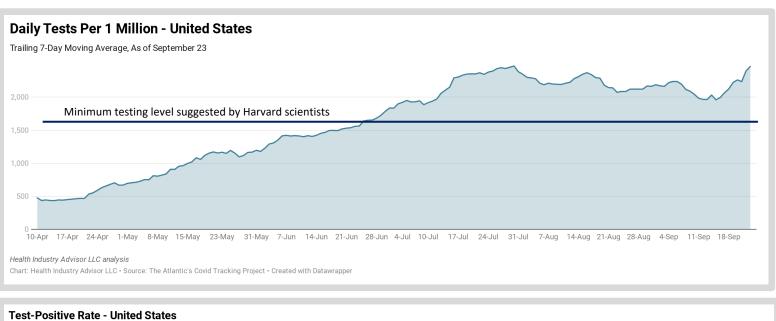
Brazil and Peru's rate have declined modestly

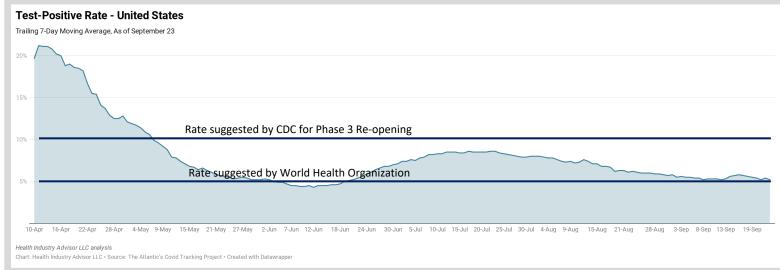




7-day average daily test volume as of yesterday was second highest volume to-date; this rate has increased 24% weekover-week

The test-positive rate yesterday fell below 5% (4.7); the 7-day average test-positive rate is as low as it has been since June 27

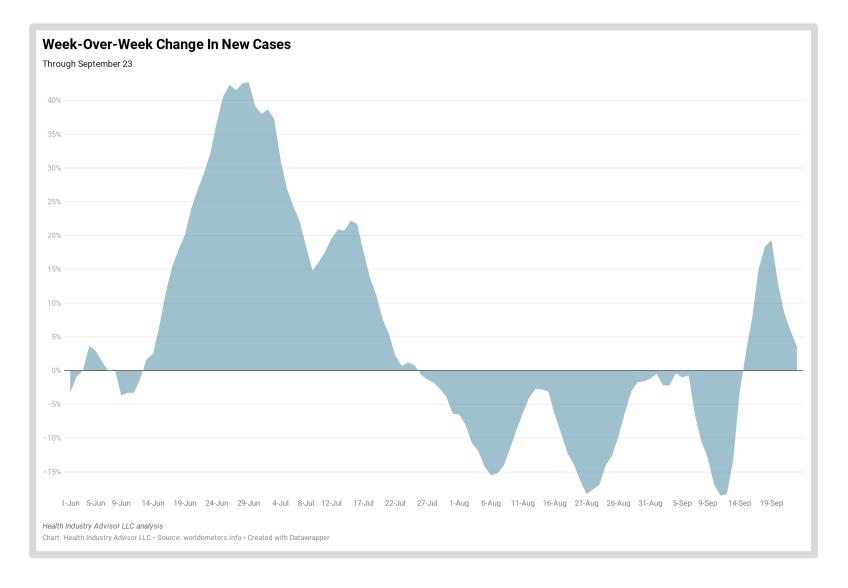






Following a sevenweek period of decline, new cases began increasing on a week-over-week basis one week ago.

Yesterday, this rate was up 3.5% versus a week ago (although the rate of increase has declined each of the past four days)



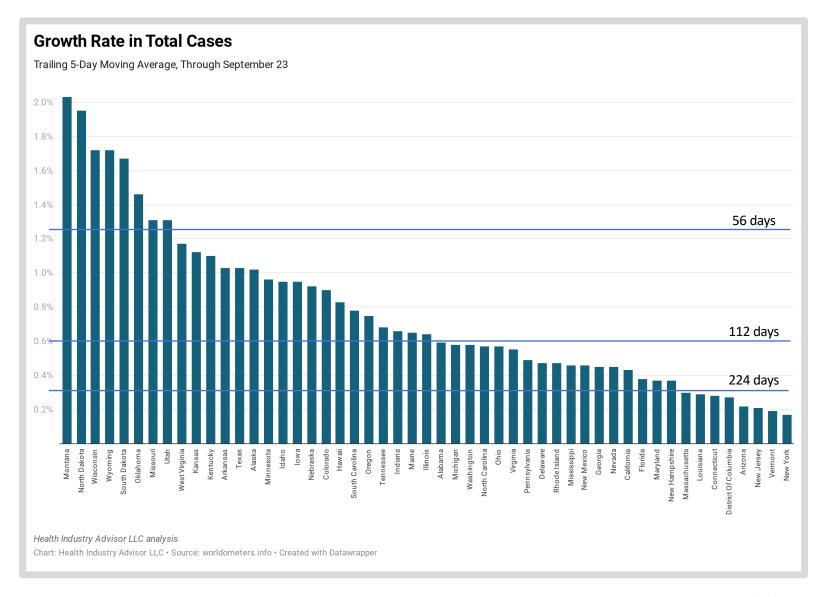


## Case growth:

At current rates, cases are doubling every 34-35 days in Montana

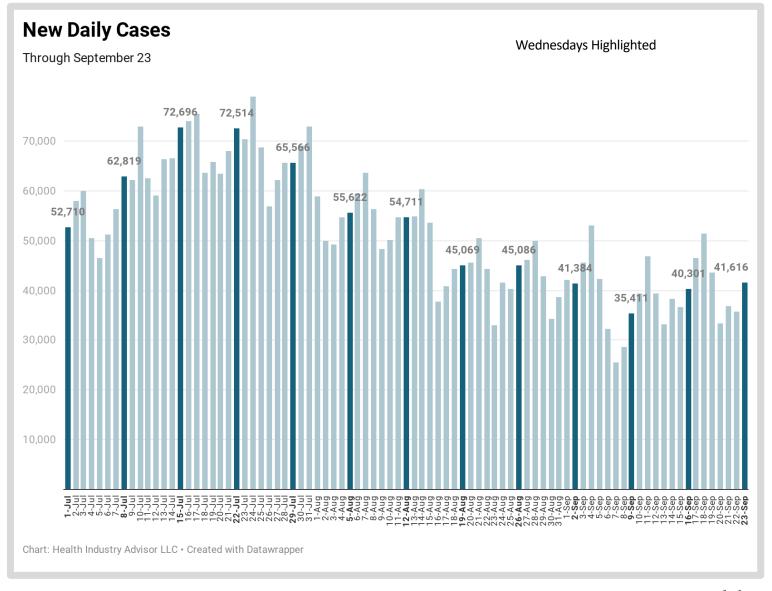
Every 404 days in New York

Every 127-128 days for the United States overall





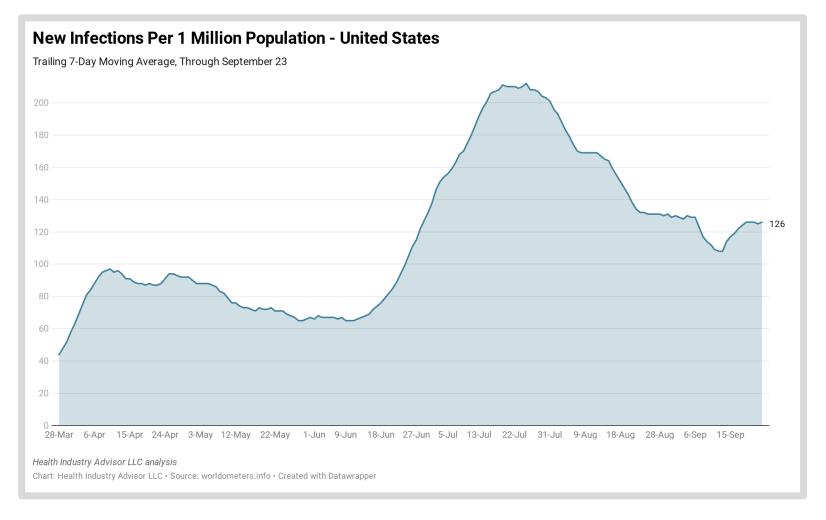
Except for Labor Day week, new cases on recent Wednesdays have been relatively consistent (40-42K)





New infections per capita in the U.S.\* bottomed-out on September 12 then increased through the end of last week

The current rate has been essentially flat for the past six days



\* - 7-day moving average basis

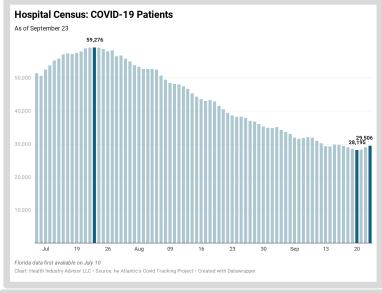


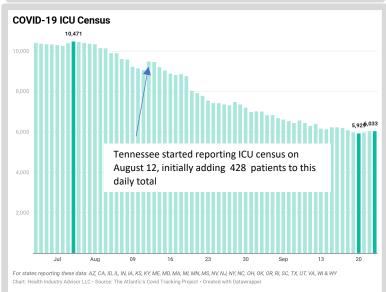
Inpatient and ICU COVID-19 census have each increased for three consecutive days

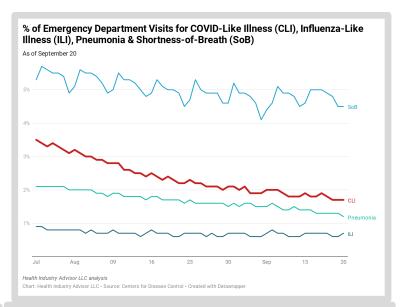
Ventilator use continues to decline as a % of patients

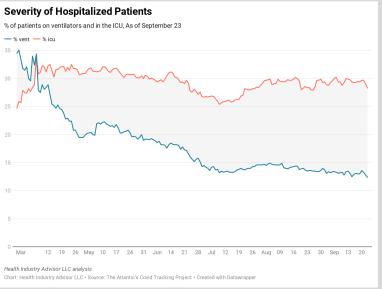
ER visits for COVID-19-like illness, pneumonia and shortness-of-breath as a % of all ER visits each have declined since early July

No discernable start yet to the impact of flu season





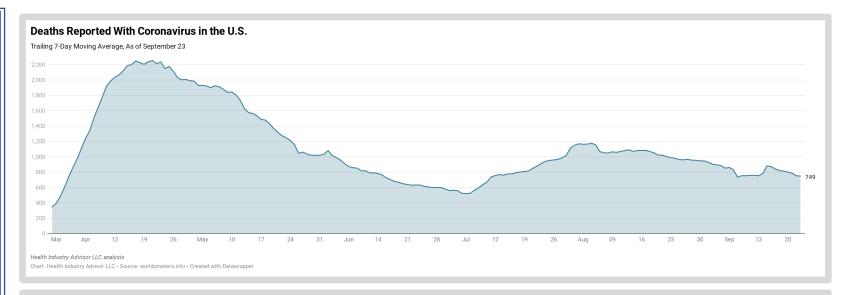


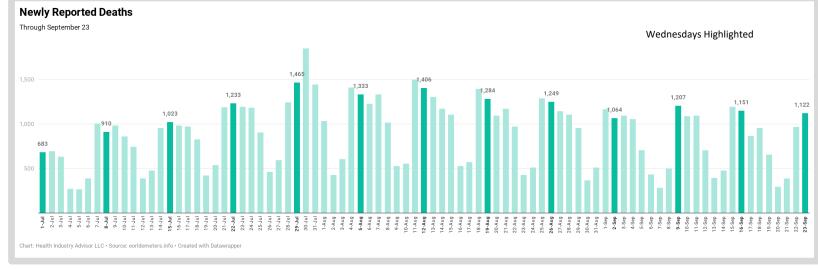




7-day average daily deaths have declined on nine consecutive days

Except for Labor Day week, there were fewer deaths reported on Wednesday than any other Wednesday in the past 10 weeks







## **Data Sources**

The following data sources are accessed on a daily or weekly basis:

- The Atlantic's Covid Tracking Project: <a href="https://covidtracking.com">https://covidtracking.com</a>
- Worldometers.info: <a href="https://www.worldometers.info/coronavirus/">https://www.worldometers.info/coronavirus/</a>
- Centers for Disease Control, National, Regional, and State Level Outpatient Illness and Viral Surveillance <a href="https://gis.cdc.gov/grasp/fluview/fluportaldashboard.html">https://gis.cdc.gov/grasp/fluview/fluportaldashboard.html</a>
- Centers for Disease Control, COVID-19 Laboratory-Confirmed Hospitalizations https://gis.cdc.gov/grasp/COVIDNet/COVID19 5.html
- Centers for Disease Control, COVID Data Tracker <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/covid-data-tracker/index.html#mobility">https://www.cdc.gov/covid-data-tracker/index.html#mobility</a>
- Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation, COVID-19 estimate downloads <a href="http://www.healthdata.org/covid/data-downloads">http://www.healthdata.org/covid/data-downloads</a>
- New York Times, Covid-19 data <a href="https://github.com/nytimes/covid-19-data">https://github.com/nytimes/covid-19-data</a>
- COVID-19 Data Repository by the Center for Systems Science and Engineering (CSSE) at Johns Hopkins University <a href="https://github.com/CSSEGISandData/COVID-19">https://github.com/CSSEGISandData/COVID-19</a>
- COVID-19 Projections Using Machine Learning, <a href="https://covid19-projections.com">https://covid19-projections.com</a>

